7.—Principal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Classified According to the Purpose of the Principal Products, by Main Groups for 1922-27 and in Detail for 1928—concluded.

(All establishments irrespective of the number of employees.)

Purpose Heading.	Estab- lish- ments.	Capital.	Em- ployees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Net Value of Products.	Gross Value of Products.
	No.	\$	No.	•		\$	\$
Clothing	2,062	242,010,963		98,069,749	179,344,512	180,265,193	359,609,705
Boots and shoes	210 287	47,669,216 14,934,287	23,524 3,810	22,327,639 4,692,505	36,318,6°0 14,127,017	44,447,324 9,150,348	80,766,014 23,277,365
Fur goods		14,964,267	3,510	4,092,303	14,127,017	9,130,248	23,211,300
furnishings	837	78,803,518	39,557	38, 166, 601	80,177,513	66,187,666	
Gloves and mitts	49	3,845,708	1,721	1,459,668	3, 150, 9011	2,218,055	5,368,956
Hats and caps Knitted goods	166 165,	8,427,970 60,399,926		4,984,799 15,056,696	8,431,283 31,251,936	8,938,234 27,299,822	17,369,517 58,551,758
Waterproofs	18	1, 238, 488		426,614	826,524	897,870	
Miscellaneous textiles,	!		ŧ I	· .	· '	_ :	
n.e.s	380	26,691,850	11,999	10,955,227	5,060,648	21, 125, 874	26,186,522
Personal Utilities Jewellery and time-	390		·	12,990,442		30,281,615	' '
pieces	112	11,313,218	3,041	3,984,661	4,791,494	7,209,310	
Recreational supplies Personal utilities, n.e.s	74 204		3,608 4,645	4,097,046 4,908,735	6,175,836 15,278,490	8,533,893 14,538,412	14,709,729 29,816,902
rersonal utilities, n.e.s	204	27,129,030	4,040	4,905,730	10,270,490	14,000,412	29,010,902
House Furnish- ings Books and Sta-	598	72,394,155	19,807	21,811,858	31,753,455	41,597,451	78,350,506
tionery Vehicles and Ves-		131,944,080	36,156	51,902,487	43,699,386	100,848,835	143,939,221
vehicles and ves- sels	859	298,174,301	58,022	85,248,214	200,180,697	136,215,594	336,396,291
Producers'	1	•					
Materials		1,729,056,251					1,080,348,395
Farm materials	12	2,131,905	251	281,109	1,446,800	743, 186	2,189,986
Manufacturers' materials	993	1,292,250,991	118,496	147,785,089	322,817,448	395,073,905	717,891,353
Building materials	4,389	350,026,208	72,553	68,918,379	144,062,627	141,064,410	285, 127, 037
General materials	607	84,647,147	18,935	18,832,386	35,914,666	39,825,353	75,740,019
Industrial			i		ŀ		1
Equipment	2.601	1,595,482,231	105,647	139,693,545	280,923,071	383,193,287	
Farming equipment	70			13,626,869	17,661,826	23,628,839	41,290,665
Manufacturing equip-	170	70 745 405	11,422	15,451,369	19.271.401	33,041,069	52,312,470
ment Trading equipment	176 77						
Service equipment				5,989,174			
Light, heat and power	·	' '	1				202 213 005
equipment,		1,204,749,068 182,745,787		2,089,359 41,416,970			
General equipment	/41	102,140,181			' ' '	l ' '	
Miscellaneous	167	34,762,276	4,675	5,057,268	16,790,548	15,057,319	31,847,867

Subsection 3.-Manufactures Classified by Origin of the Materials.

Classification of Manufacturing Production According to the Origin of the Materials Worked Upon.—The principal statistics of the manufactures of Canada, classified upon the basis of "origin", are presented in Table 8 for the years 1926 to 1928. By this means Canadian manufacturing production may be analysed from a new angle, one by means of which interesting comparisons may be made with the external trade classification according to origin.

The manufacturing statistics for 1924 were the first to be analysed upon the origin basis. While the period available for review only covers, therefore, the short space of the four years from 1924 to 1928, interesting changes have taken place in the relative importance of the industries based on materials from the different origins. Since the purpose of such a comparison is to dis-